## The World's Reactors

No. 28 N.S. SAVANNAH

TYPE: PURPOSE

Thermal, heterogeneous (PWR). Marine Propulsion Experiment.

OWNER:

The Babcock and Wilcox Company.

MAIN CONTRACTOR: STATUS:

Critical 1960.

OUTPUT

FUEL:

CORE:

Volume fraction Water 0.5655. Control rods 0.0405. Helium gap 0.0052 Fuel 0.2647.

Stainless steel 0.1421. Excess reactivity for:

Power Doppler Burn-up and isotope build-up Total excess reactivity 11.2% \( \( \lambda \) k/k. Neutron flux (thermal, average): 7.2 × 1012 n/cm2, sec.

ELEMENTS:

FUEL

CONVERSION FACTOR:

BURN-UP: CONTROL:

COOLANT

PRESSURF

EXCHANGER:

CONTAINMENT: Steel cylinder 35 ft (10.668 m) diameter, with hemispherical ends, overall length 50 ft (15.24 m). Thickness varies from 24 in. (60.3 mm) to 4 in. (101.6 mm).

U.S. Maritime Administration.

Design, 74 MWt; normal 63.5 MWt; m.c.r., 69 MWt.

Enriched uranium oxide (4.4% av.). Initial loading 312.4 kg U<sup>235</sup>

Cruciform prism, composed of 32 channels 8.5 in. (215.8 mm) square, arranged in rows of 4-6-6-4, and baffled for 3-pass cooling. Equivalent diameter: 62.06 in. (1,376 mm). Active height: 66 in. (1,676 mm). Overall height: 90.24 in. (2,291 mm).

Temperature (including power coefficient)

Rod bundle type, with 164 rods, in four bundles of 41 rods at 0.663 in. (16.9 mm) centres. Diameter of oxide pellets: 0.4255 in. (10.8 mm). Thickness of stainless steel cladding: 0.035 in. (0.89 mm). Outside diameter of rod: 0.5 in. (12.7 mm).

7,352 MWd/t (average).

Cruciform section boron stainless steel, clad in stainless steel, 8 in. (203 mm) square × 0.375 in. (9.52 mm) thick. No. of rods: 21. Effective length: 66 in. (1,676 mm). Total worth of control rods: 14-18% \( \Delta k/k. \)

Pressurized water, in three vertical passes. Inlet temperature: 495.6°F (257.5°C). Outlet temperature: 520.4°F (271.3°C). Hot channel: 541°F (282.7°C). Max. fuel element temperatures: Fuel: 3,794°F (2,090°C). Cladding: 623°F (328.3°C). Heat transfer area: 3,778 ft² (350.8 m²).

Coolant pressure 1,750 p.s.i.a. (123.04 kg/cm² abs.). Mass flow: 8 × 10° lb/h (3,625 × 10° kg/h). Average velocity in core: Outer pass: 9.29 ft/sec (2.83 m/sec), Inner pass: 8.4 ft/sec (2.56 m/sec),

Carbon steel, clad internally with stainless steel.

Height: 26 ft 6 in. (8.077 m). Inside diameter: 8 ft 2 in. (2.489 m). Thickness: 6 in. (152.4 mm). Design pressure: 2,000 p.s.i.a. (140.614 kg/cm² abs.). Two primary loops, each with two circulating pumps and one

heat exchanger of the U-shell, U-tube type, having 800 3-in, tubes on the primary side. Secondary (shell) side is connected by 13 risers and 8 downcomers to separate steam drum with cyclone separators and steam scrubbers. Design pressures: Tube side: 2,000 p.s.i. (140.614 kg/cm²).

Shell side. 800 p.s.i. (56.246 kg/cm²). Design temperature: 650°F (343.3°C). steam conditions at normal load: 490 p.s.i.a. (34.45 kg/cm² abs.) dry saturated (0.25% moisture). Feed temperature: 347°F (172.6°C). Total steam generation at normal load: 242,000 lb/h (110,000 kg/h). Total primary pumping power (4 pumps): 920 kW.

Primary shielding (inside containment): Steel tank 17 ft (5.182 m) high, surrounding reactor with an annular thickness of water of 33 in. (0.838 m), surrounded by 2-4-in. thickness of lead. Secondary shielding (outside containment) is a composite arrange-ment of polythene up to 6 in. thick, lead, ordinary and barytes concrete, and water tanks, and collision mat of alternate layers of redwood and steel.

N.S. SAVANNAH

## 1. Core

- 2. Control rods
- 3. Control rod mechanism 4. Reactor shell
- 5. Lead covered neutron shield tank
- 6. Primary inlet to reactor
- 7. Primary outlet 8. Gate valve
- 9. Heat exchangers (2)
- 10. Steam drums
- 11. Primary pumps 12. Surge line to pressurizer
- 13. Pressurizer
- 14. Condensing tank 15. Drain tank
- 16. Let-down coolers
- 17. Cooling ducts 18. Steel containment vessel
- 19. Lead shielding
- 20. Polyethylene shielding

- 21. Vessel support members
- 22. Water treatment plant
- 23. Concrete shielding
- 24. Steel and redwood laminated collision
- 25. Anti-roll brackets
- 26. Secondary steam outlet to turbines
- 27. Main steam separator
- 28. Throttle valve
- 29. Main feed pumps and secondary return to heat exchangers 30. H.P. turbine
- 31. L.P. turbine
- 32. Steam separator
- 33. Take-home motor 34. Main condenser
- 35. Main condenser circulating pump
- 36. Reduction gears
- 37. Thrust bearing housing
- 38. Coupling
- 39. Propeller shaft steady bearing
- 40. Propeller shaft
- 41. Turbo-generators sets (2) 42. Auxiliary condenser
- 43. Control centre
- 44. Water heater and tank 45. Reactor hatch
- 46, Fan room
- 48. Main lounge
- 49. Cargo hatch 50. Cargo hold
- 51. Waste gas disposal channel
- 52. Air conditioning exhaust

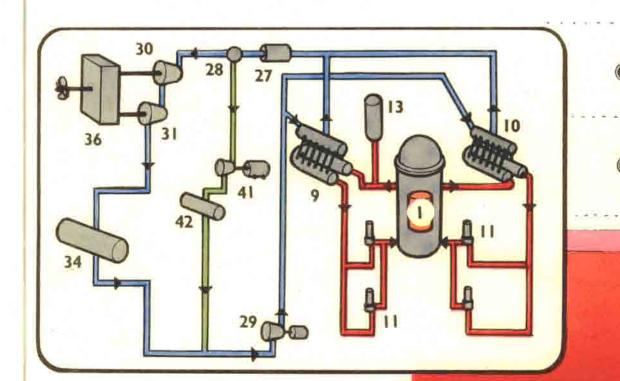
## DETAILS OF SHIP

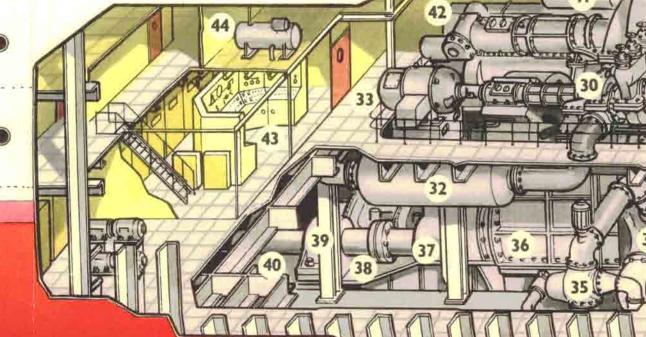
Length between perpendiculars Length overall Draught, fully loaded Displacement, fully loaded -22,000 tons 12,000 tons Displacement, light ... Deadweight Cargo capacity 9,400 tons 20,000 s.h.p. Horsepower, (normal) Horsepower, (maximum) 21 knots Passengers 746,200 ft3 Cargo capacity Fuel radius (estimated) 300,000 naut, miles

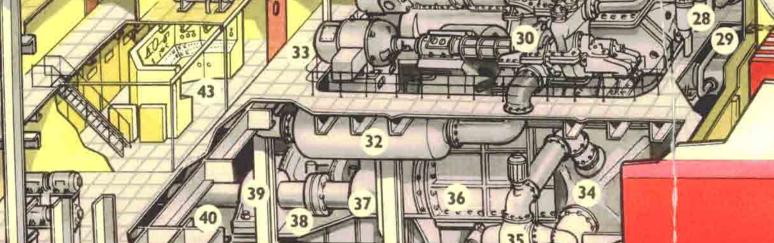
C TEMPLE PRESS LIMITED, 1960.

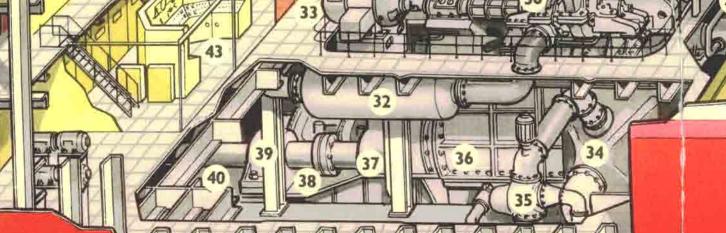
-LOFTHOUSE-

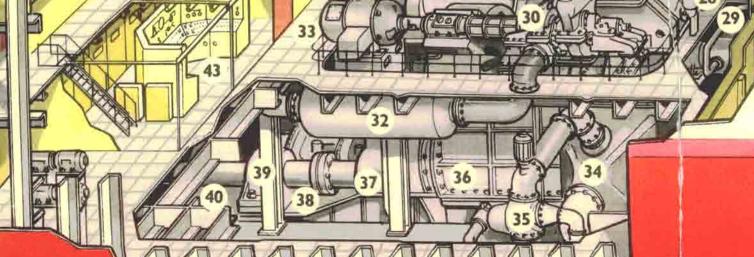
ENGINEERING COPYRIGHT

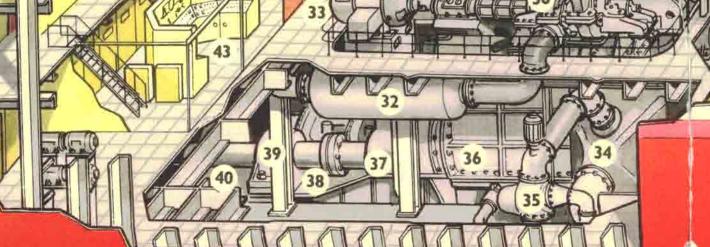


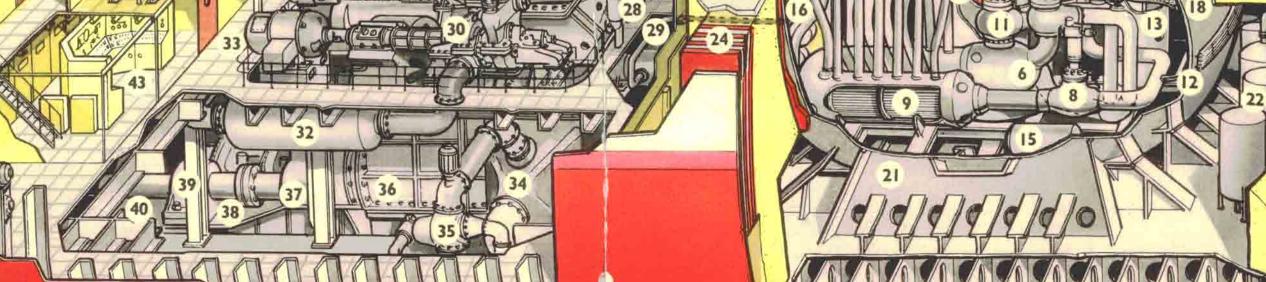












. . . . . . . . . . . .